

GIVE ME FIVE

Report preliminare di uno schema marcatamente ipofrazionato per la cura della neoplasia prostatica organo-confinata mediante IG-IMRT

Esperienza dell' Istituto Europeo di Oncologia



Dr.ssa Sarah Colangione

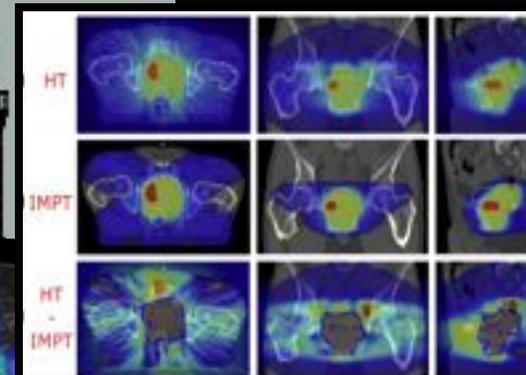
DOSE ESCALATION

High precision radiotherapy

>90 Gy?

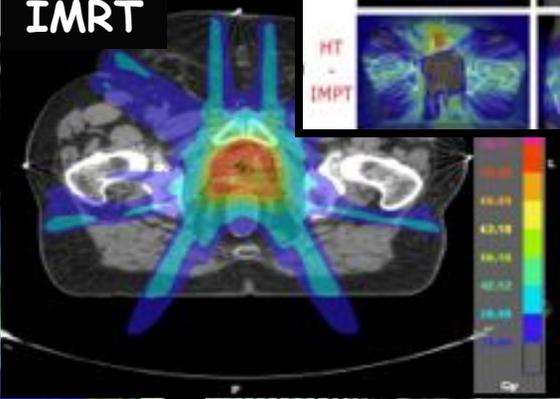
Step of radiotherapy treatment planning and technique to deliver high dose to a small target or dominant lesion

IG-IMRT (SIB)



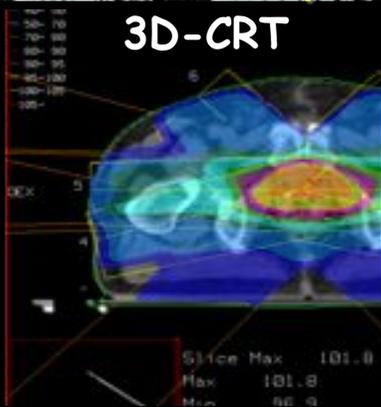
90 Gy

IMRT



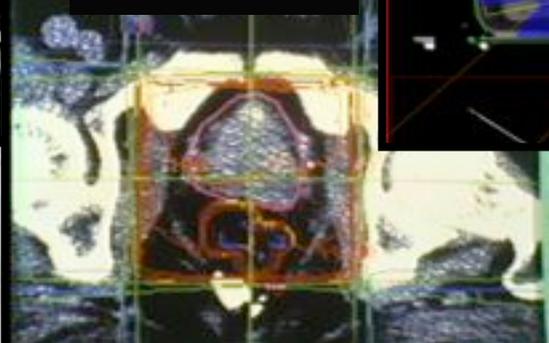
80 Gy

3D-CRT



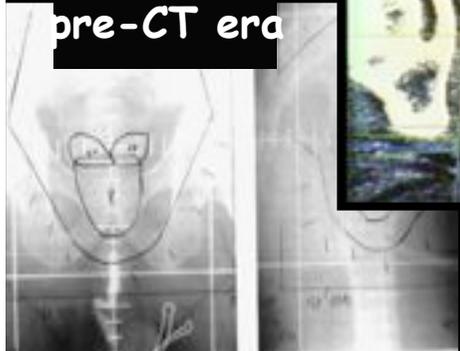
70 Gy

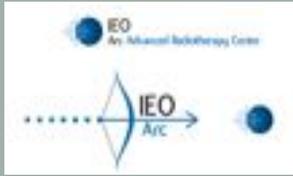
post-CT era



60 Gy

pre-CT era





PURPOSE of OUR REPORT

To evaluate feasibility and *safety*, in terms of early and late toxicity using a short course of radiotherapy for prostate confined tumor through IG-IMRT with non robotic linear accelerators:

- Vero - BrainLab system
- RapidArc - Varian

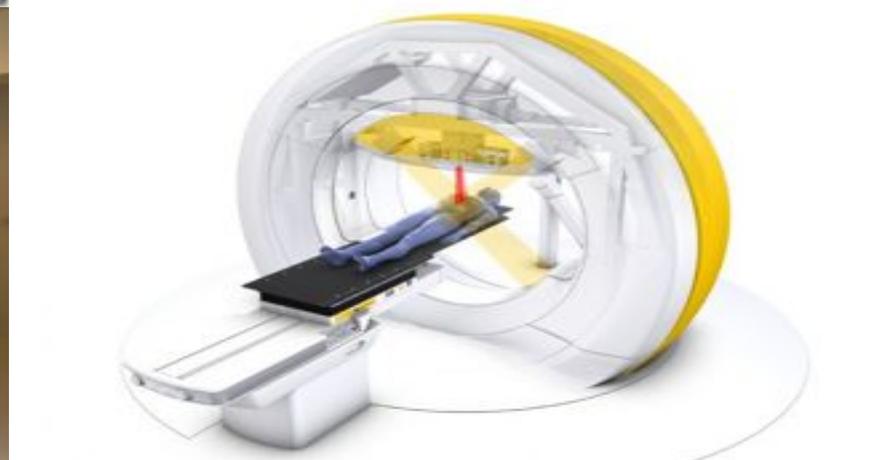
GIVE ME FIVE!

| Volume | Dose/fr | N u m fr | Dtot | NTD ($\alpha/\beta=1,5\text{Gy}$) d/fr 2Gy | B E D ($\alpha /$ $\beta=1,5\text{Gy}$) |
|-------------|---------|-------------|------|---|--|
| PTVprostata | 6,5 | 5 | 32,5 | 74,3 | 173 |
| | 7 | 5 | 35 | 85 | 198 |

Give me five: OUR PROPOSAL

RapidArc
Uncompromised treatment
in 2 minutes or less.

[click here for more information](#)

A white and grey linear accelerator machine with a patient table extended from the gantry.

Materials and methods



April 2012 - October 2014

432 pts treated at IEO with non metastatic organ-confined PCa

140/pts received an extreme hypo-IG-IMRT regimen

Analyzed data on the first 120 pts with early stage Pca

118 pts with VERO-BrainLab system; 2 pts with Rapidarc-Varian

Volume

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES

BED (α /

PREMEDICATION with low dose steroids + IPP before each treatment

URINARY: symptomatic urinary are allowed (e.g. alpha-blockers like tamsulosin, silodosin)

BLADDER: full urinary bladder both during simulation and treatment

BOWEL: low gas and low motility diet. One Fleet's enema will be administered 2-3 hours before CT simulation and each treatment

Materials and methods



INCLUSION CRITERIA

- Histologically confirmed adenocarcinoma of prostate, according to the 2014 NCCN risk categories: low (T1-T2a, PSA <10 ng/ml, Gleason score <7) or intermediate (T2b or T2c, PSA between 10 and 20 ng/ml, Gleason score of 7)
- Personalized indication for high risk pts (PSA > 20 ng/ml, Gleason score > 7)
- Prostate volume <100 cc
- cN0 and cM0 stage
- Age > 18 years
- Specific informed consent ***OUT TRIAL PATIENTS***

Materials and methods



EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Extraprostatic tumor extension (T3) or locally advanced disease (T4)
- Pelvic lymph node metastasis (cN1)
- Distant metastasis (cM1)
- Severe urinary obstructive symptoms
- Previous pelvic radiotherapy
- Severe systemic disorders
- Concomitant disorders including: chronic urinary or intestinal inflammatory conditions (for example, ulcerous recto-colitis, Crohn disease)
- Psychiatric disorders or any other condition that can make unreliable the informed consent
- Non conformity of the radiotherapy dose distribution when compared to the dose constraints

Materials and methods

TREATMENT PLANNING



Cognome _____

Nome _____

ID Paziente _____

REPORT DOSIMETRICO TRATTAMENTO IMRT

"PROSTATE EXTREME HYPOFRACTIONATION"

(dose/frazione: 6,5-7,5Gy, numero di frazioni: 5, dose totale 32,5-37,5Gy)

Limiti dose-volume: organi sani (OARs)

| | Valori raccomandati per dose/frazione | Valori del piano di cura |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| Retto* V=_____cm ³ | V _{50%} <50% | % |
| | V _{40%} <20% | % |
| | V _{30%} <10% | % |
| | V _{10%} <5% | % |
| Volume di sovrapposizione PTV – retto | D _{max} <85% | % |
| Parete post. retto/canale anale** | D _{max} <45% | % |
| Canale anale* | D _{max} <10Gy | Gy |
| Vescica urinaria* V=_____cm ³ | V _{100%} <10% (20Gy) | cm ³ |
| | V _{50%} <50% | % |
| | V _{40%} <40% | % |
| | V _{30%} <50% | % |
| | D _{max} <110% | % |
| Uetra** | V _{50%} <5% | % |
| Teste femorali* | V _{50%} <1cm ³ | cm ³ |
| Intestino/cavità peritoneale V=_____cm ³ | **D _{max} <15% | % |
| | **V _{10%} <195cm ³ | cm ³ |
| Bulbo penieno** | V _{50%} <50% | % |
| Pene** | V _{50%} <1cm ³ | cm ³ |
| Testicoli | D _{2%} <20Gy | Gy |
| Cauda equina** | D _{max} <19Gy | Gy |

DOSE CONSTRAINTS

* King CR, Brooks JD, Gill H, et al. Long-term outcomes from a prospective trial of stereotactic body radiotherapy for low-risk prostate cancer. Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys 2012; 82:877-882.

** Chen et al. Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy (SBRT) for clinically localized prostate cancer: the Georgetown University experience. Radiat Oncol 2013;8:58.

§ Atadous D, Haddad M, Lundstedt D, et al. Mean absorbed dose to the anal sphincter region and fecal leakage among irradiated prostate cancer patients. Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys. 2012;24(4):181-5. (valore richiesto per la dose efficace di prescrizione con $=0-30\text{Gy}$ sul volume sottile il 20%)

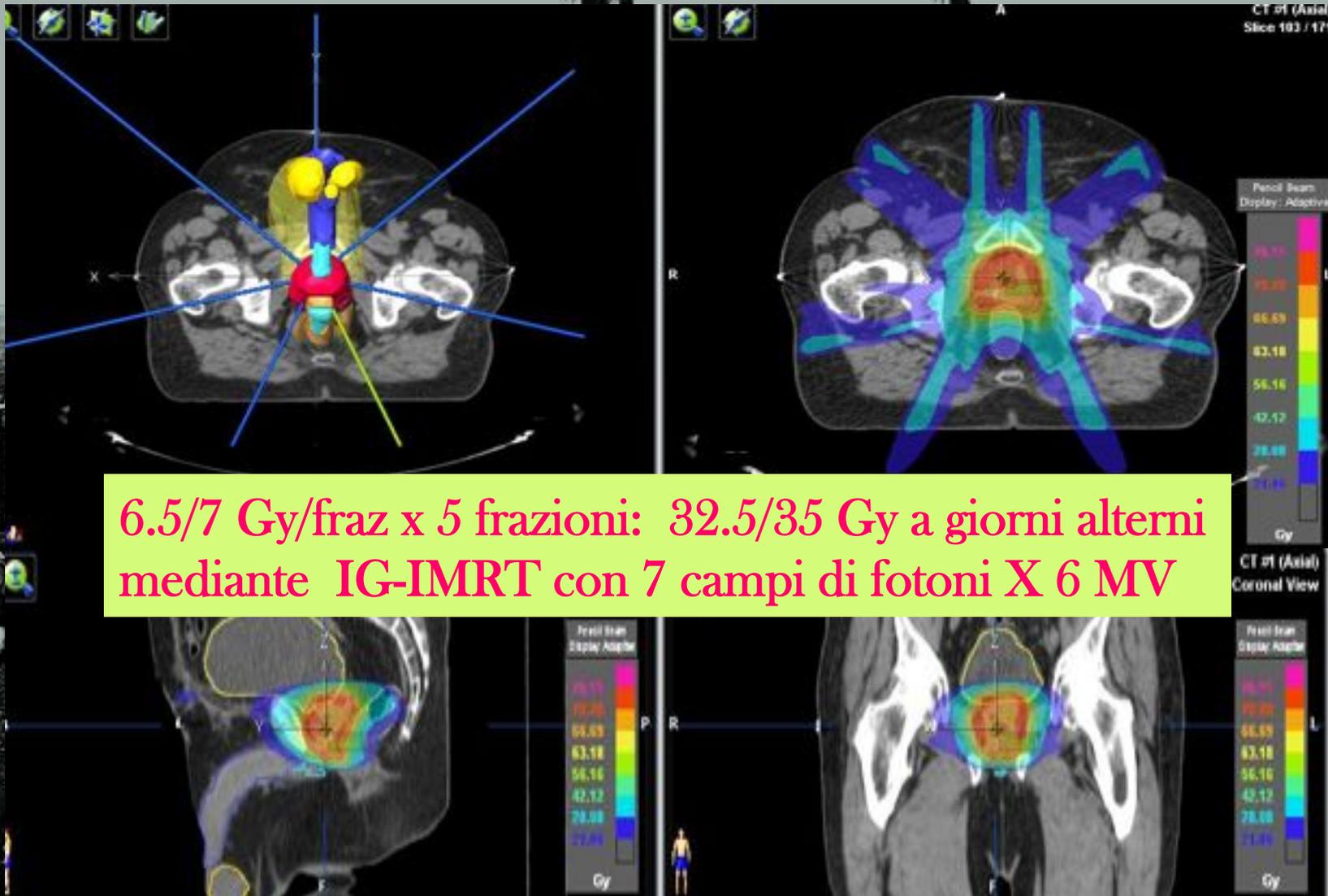
§§ Valore da protocollo IEO (linea guida interna) e da Kavanagh BC, Pan CC, Dawson LA, et al. Radiation dose-volume effects in the stomach and small bowel. Int J Radiation Oncology Biol. Phys. 76: 5101-5107; 2010. (valore richiesto per la dose efficace di prescrizione con $=0-30\text{Gy}$ sul volume sottile il 20%).

Data _____

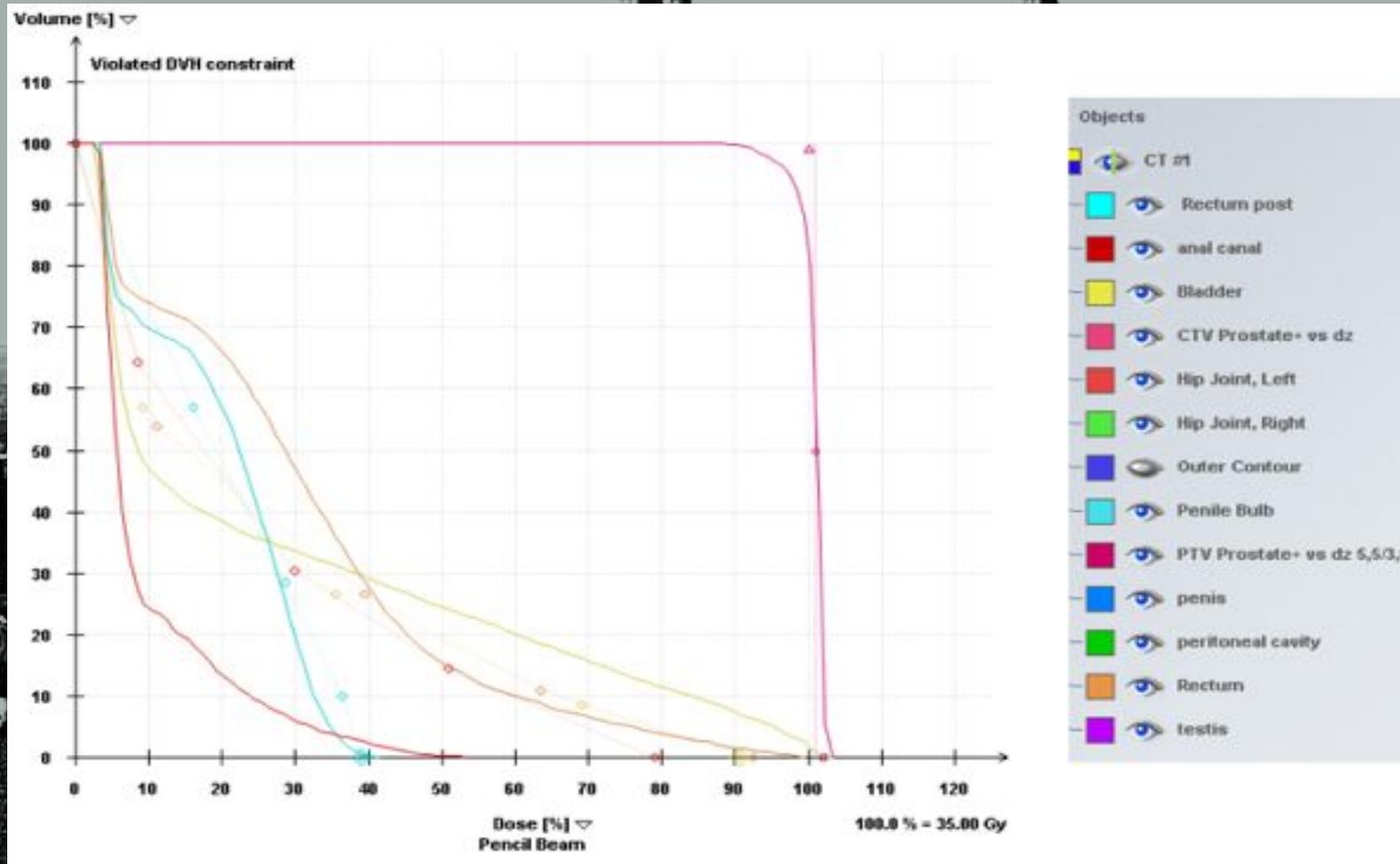
Firma Fisico _____

Firma Medico _____

Give me five: IEO protocol

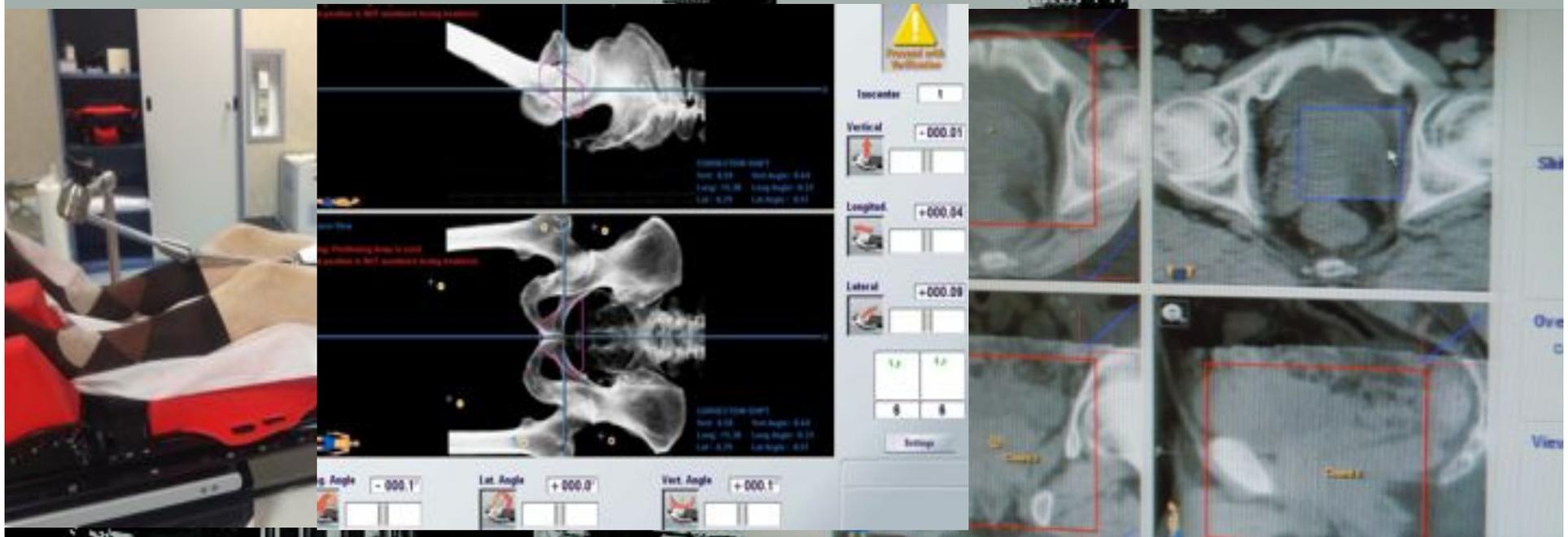


Give me five: IEO protocol



7 Gy x 5 fx: 35 Gy on alternate days

Give me five: IEO protocol VERO - BrainLab



1. Daily ExacTrac (positioning array or surface markers)

2. Daily IGRT with CBCT

Just couple of minutes, imaging dose 1.9 cGy

Materials and methods

Give me 5



ACUTE TOXICITY ASSESSMENT

| TOSSICITA' ACUTA (< 3 mesi F.U.) URINARIA E RETTALE (RTOG/EORTC) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| TOSSICITA' ACUTA URINARIA | | | | | TOSSICITA' ACUTA INTESTINALE/RETTALE | | | | |
| G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 |
| Invariato rispetto pre RT | Pollachiuria e nicturia 2 volte più frequenti rispetto pre-RT | Pollachiuria con freq > 1 ora, disuria, urgenza, tenesmo vescicale trattabile con farmaci | Pollachiuria con urgenza, freq <1ora, disuria, dolore pelvico, tenesmo vescicale che richiedono terapia maggiore. Macroematuria | Ematuria importante trasfusione vescicale acuta catetere in u ulcerazione | Invariato rispetto pre RT | Alvo accelerato o modifica della consistenza delle feci che non richiede trattamento farmacologico | Mucorrea lieve tale da non richiedere trattamenti. Diarrea, dolore rettale e/o addominale che richiedono trattamento farmacologico | Diarrea profusa che richiede terapia parenterale. Mucorrea severa o proctorragia tali da richiedere intervento medico. Distensione addominale (valutata ad Rx in posizione orizzontale). | Ostruzione acuta o subacuta, perforazione; sanguinamento che richiede trasfusione; dolore addominale; tenesmo o che richiede diversione intestinale o drenaggio chirurgico. |

Materials and methods



LATE TOXICITY ASSESSMENT

| TOSSICITA' TARDIVA (> 3 mesi F.U.) URINARIA E RETTALE (RTOG/EORTC) | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| TOSSICITA' TARDIVA URINARIA | | | | |
| G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 |
| Invariato rispetto pre-RT | Ematuria microscopica, alla cistoscopia minima atrofia della mucosa vescicale e qualche teleangiectasia | Ematuria macroscopica intermittente e pollachiuria con ora | Pollachiuria (IL<1ora) e disuria | Ritenzione acuta d'urina con necessità di |
| TOSSICITA' TARDIVA INTESTINALE/RETTALE | | | | |
| G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 |
| Invariato rispetto pre-RT | Diarrea moderata < 5 scariche/die e dolori Addominali crampi formi modesti; minima mucorrea o sanguinamento. | Diarrea > 5 scariche/die; marcata mucorrea rettale e sanguinamento intermittente in assenza di grave anemizzazione | Sanguinamento rettale che richiede terapia laser e/o trasfusione; ostruzione intestinale che richiede intervento chirurgico | Necrosi Perforazione intestinale e/o fistolizzazione |

BIOCHEMICAL OUTCOME:

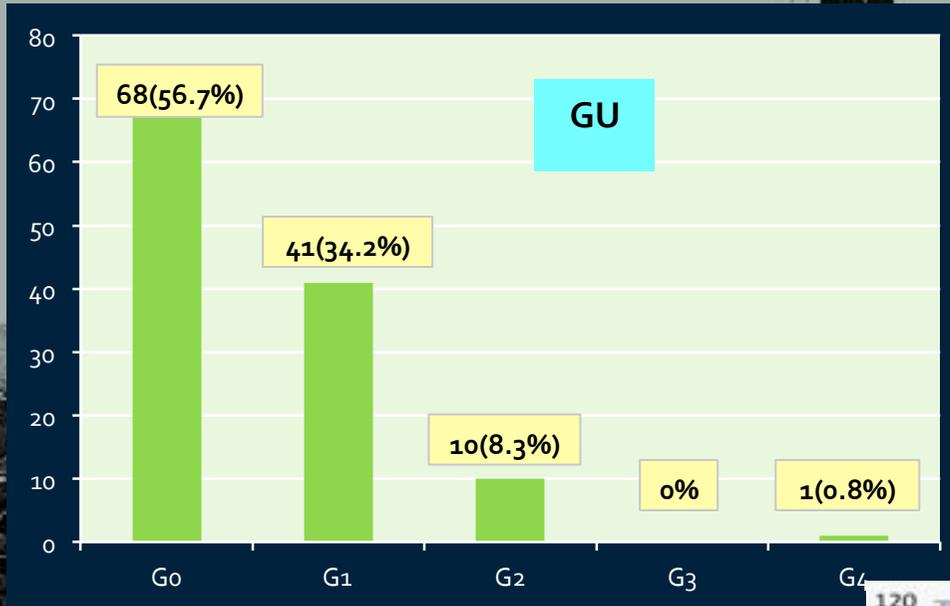
bRFS according to Phoenix's definition
(PSA nadir + 2)

Give me five: RESULTS

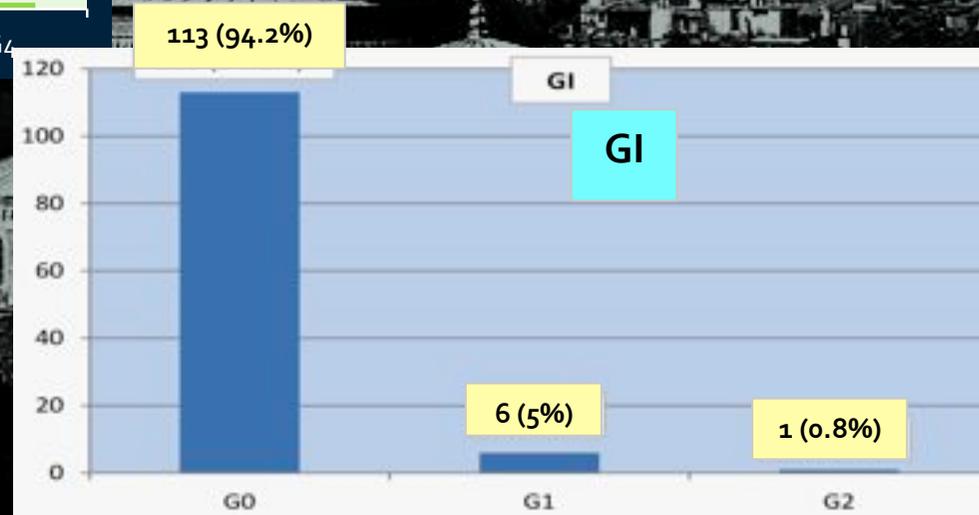


| FEATURES | PATIENTS (n= 120) |
|---|-------------------|
| Age (years) | |
| Mean | 73.2 |
| Median (range) | 74 (51.4-89) |
| Initial PSA (ng/mL) * | |
| Mean | 9.9 |
| Median (range) | 7.2 (2.8 - 55.7) |
| Initial Gleason Score (x 101 patients) | |
| Median (range) | 6 (4-9) |
| Initial disease category | |
| Low | 45 (37.5%) |
| Intermediate | 56 (46.7%) |
| High | 18 (15%) |
| Unknown | 1 (0.8%) |
| ADT | 35 (29%) |

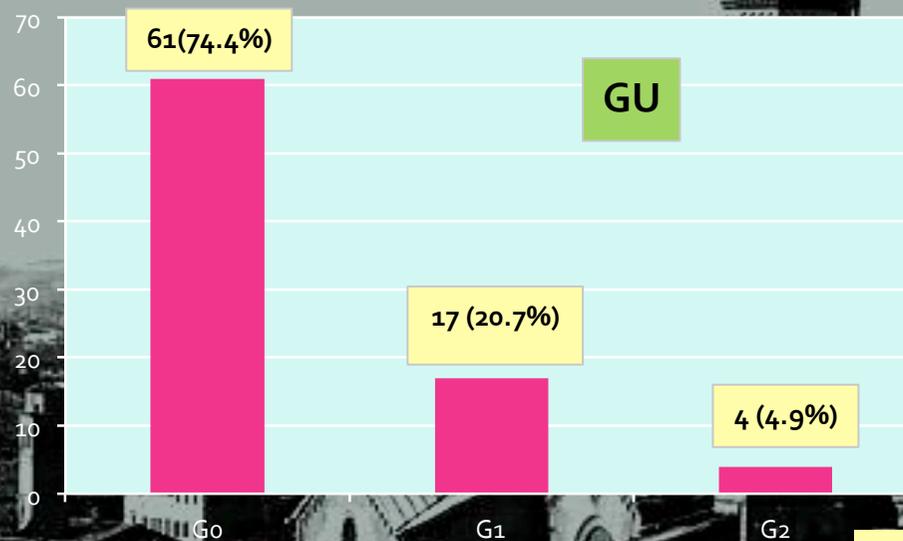
Give me five: RESULTS



ACUTE TOXICITY
(according to EORTC/RTOG)

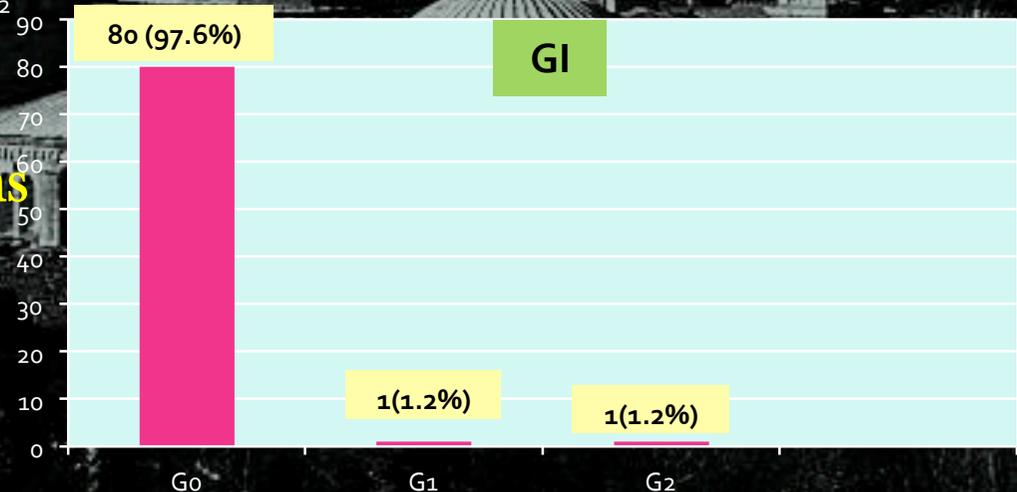


Give me five: RESULTS



LATE TOXICITY
(according to EORTC/RTOG)

82 patients with f.-up > 6 months
Median f.-up 8 months
(range 3 - 24 mesi)



Give me five Promising RESULTS



- GU Acute Toxicity G4: 1 patient /120 (0.8 %)
- No late toxicity G3 and G4
- Currently ... 81 pazienti/82 NED (*median f.-up: 8 months*)
- Clinical and biochemical progression disease: 1 patient /82(1.2 %)



Discussion and Conclusion

Review – Prostate Cancer

A Systematic Review of Hypofractionation for Primary Management of Prostate Cancer

Bridget F. Koontz^{a,*}, Alberto Bossi^b, Cesare Cozzarini^c, Thomas Wiegel^d, Anthony D'Amico^e



Table 2 – Prospective studies of extreme hypofractionation for intact prostate with at least 50 participants

| | n | Median FU, mo | Risk, NCCN | Technique | Regimen | BED, Gy | Outcome | Toxicity |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Aluwini et al. [46] | 162 | 28 | Low/intermediate | n.s. | 38 Gy/4 fx | 119.6 | 3 yr BC 98% | Gr 2 GU 15% Gr 2 GI 3% |
| Bolzico et al. [27] | 100 | 36 | 41% low 42% intermediate 17% high | Robotic IGRT | 35 Gy/5 fx 29% ADT | 85 | BC 96% | Gr 1/2/3 GU 4%/3%/1% Gr 1/2/3 GI 2%/1% |
| Chen et al. [47] | 100 | 28 | 37% low 55% intermediate 8% high | Robotic IGRT | 35–36.25 Gy/5 fx 11% ADT | 85–90.6 | 2 yr BRIS 99% | 2 yr Gr ≥2 GU 31% 2 yr Gr ≥2 GI 1% |
| D'Alimonte et al. [48] | 84 | 50 | 100% low | IMRT/IGRT | 35 Gy/5 fx | 85 | BC 98% | Gr 2/≥3 GU 5/1% Gr 2/≥3 GI 5/1% |
| Fuller et al. [39] | 260 | 20 | 45% low 55% intermediate | n.s. | 38 Gy/4 fx | 119.6 | 3 yr BRIS 98% | Gr 3 GU 2% (any Gr 44%) Gr 3 GI 0% (any Gr 11%) |
| Katz and Kang [24] | 515 | 54 | 67% low 26% intermediate 7% high | Robotic IGRT | 35–36.25 Gy/5 fx | 85–90.6 | 6 yr PPBF 97% 92% 70% | Gr ≥2 GU 9% Gr ≥2 GI 4% |
| King et al. [34] | 67 | 32 | 100% low | Robotic IGRT | 36.25 Gy/5 fx | 90.6 | 4 yr BRIS 94% | Gr ≥2 GU 7% Gr ≥2 GI 12% |
| Loblaw et al. [25] | 84 | 55 | 100% low | IMRT/IGRT | 35 Gy/5 fx | 85 | 5 yr BC 98% | 5 yr Gr ≥2 GU 5% 5 yr Gr ≥2 GI 7% |
| Meier et al. [38,49] | 129 | 30 | 100% intermediate | Robotic IGRT | 40 Gy/5 fx No ADT | 108.8 | 3 yr BRIS 99% | Gr 2 GU 10% Gr 2 GI 2% |
| Menkarios et al. [29] | 80 | 33 | 100% low | IMRT/IGRT | 45 Gy/5 fx | 135 | 3 yr BC 97% | Gr ≥2 GU 14% Gr ≥2 GI 16% |
| Ouon et al. [50] | 84 | 18 | 100% low | IMRT/IGRT | 35 Gy/5 fx | 85 | n.s. | Gr 2 GU 2% Gr 2 GI 5% |
| IEO, 2014 | 120 | 8 | All risk categories | IG-IMRT | 32.5-35 Gy/5 fx | 74.3-85 | 8 mp BC 99.2% | Gr 2 GU 4.9% Gr 2 GI 1.2% |

Give me five TAKE HOME MESSAGES



Our preliminary report has showed that ...

- Short time commitment regarding to treatment planning and dose delivery
- Excellent patient compliance (non invasive technique, NO fiducial markers)
- Excellent availability of RT staff (radiation oncologists, physicists, technicians)
- Reduction of waiting list
- IG-IMRT short course was well-tolerated

Longer follow-up is needed to corroborate our preliminary findings in terms of low late toxicity profiles, bDFS and OS

MAIN LIMIT

NEXT FUTURE



- AIRC -

Associazione Italiana per la Ricerca sul Cancro

Investigator Grant - IG 2012

Tailored very short hypofractionated RT

Task 1: In-silico planning study (based on patient- and tumor- parameters)

Task 2: Two-stage phase II, prospective, single-arm, monocentric clinical trial (65 pts)

Task 3: Modeling and organ motion

Task 4: Molecular biomarker study



Grazie per l'attenzione