

Reirradiation of brain tumors: why not?

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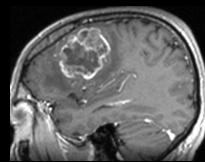
I declare no conflict of interest



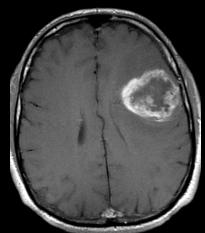
SAPIENZA
UNIVERSITÀ DI ROMA

man 47 years old, GBM

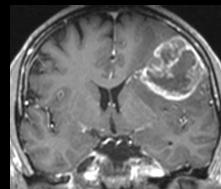
Diagnosis
2/2010



IMRT + TMZ
4/2010



Recurrent GBM
3/2011



Surgery
3/2010

Adjuvant TMZ
6 cycles



✓ *Efficacy of reirradiation for progressive gliomas*

➤ *PFS and OS*

➤ *Toxicity*

➤ *Alternative treatments*

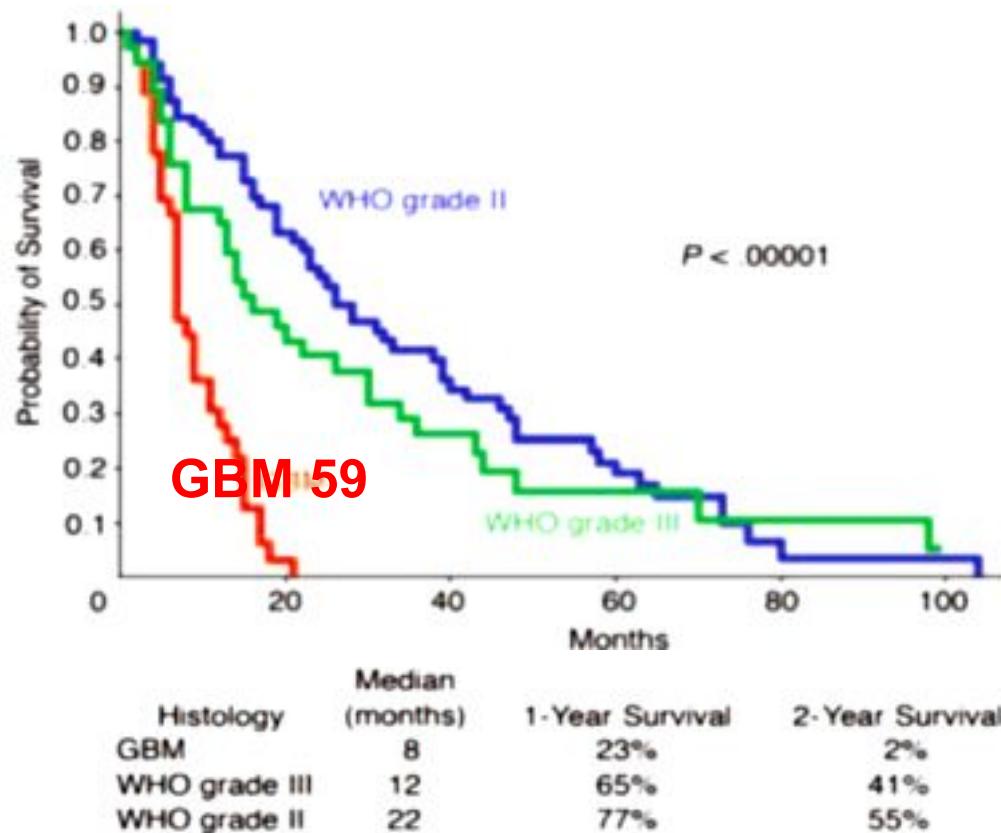


✓ *Reirradiation of malignant gliomas*

- *Conventional radiotherapy*
- *Stereotactic conformal fractionated radiotherapy*
- *Radiosurgery*

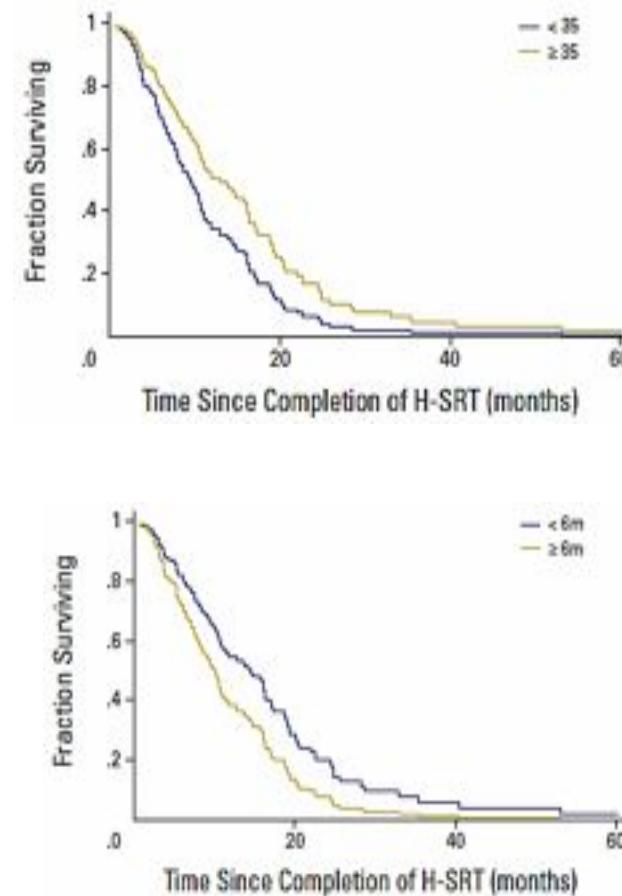
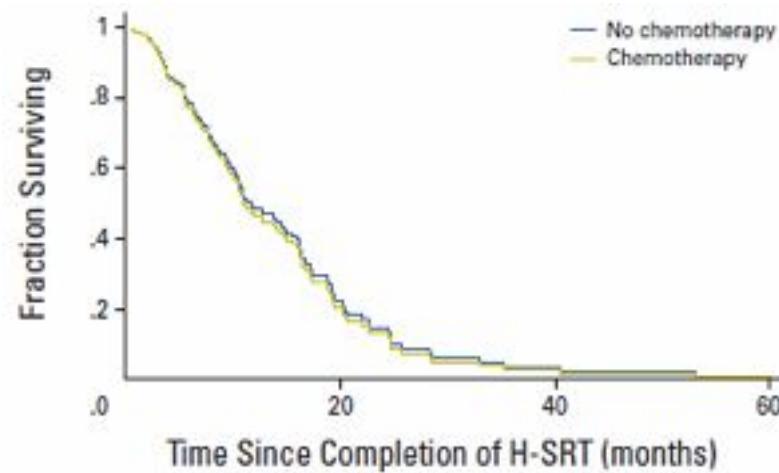


✓ Reirradiation of 172 patients treated with FSRT



Hypofractionated Stereotactic Radiation Therapy: An Effective Therapy for Recurrent High-Grade Gliomas

Shannon E. Fogh, David W. Andrews, Jon Glass, Walter Curran, Charles Glass, Colin Champ, James J. Evans, Terry Hyslop, Edward Pequignot, Beverly Downes, Eileen Comber, Mitchell Maltenfort, Adam P. Dicker, and Maria Werner-Wasik



147 pts
35 Gy in 10 fractions

✓ *Efficacy of reirradiation for progressive gliomas*

➤ *PFS and OS*

➤ *Toxicity*

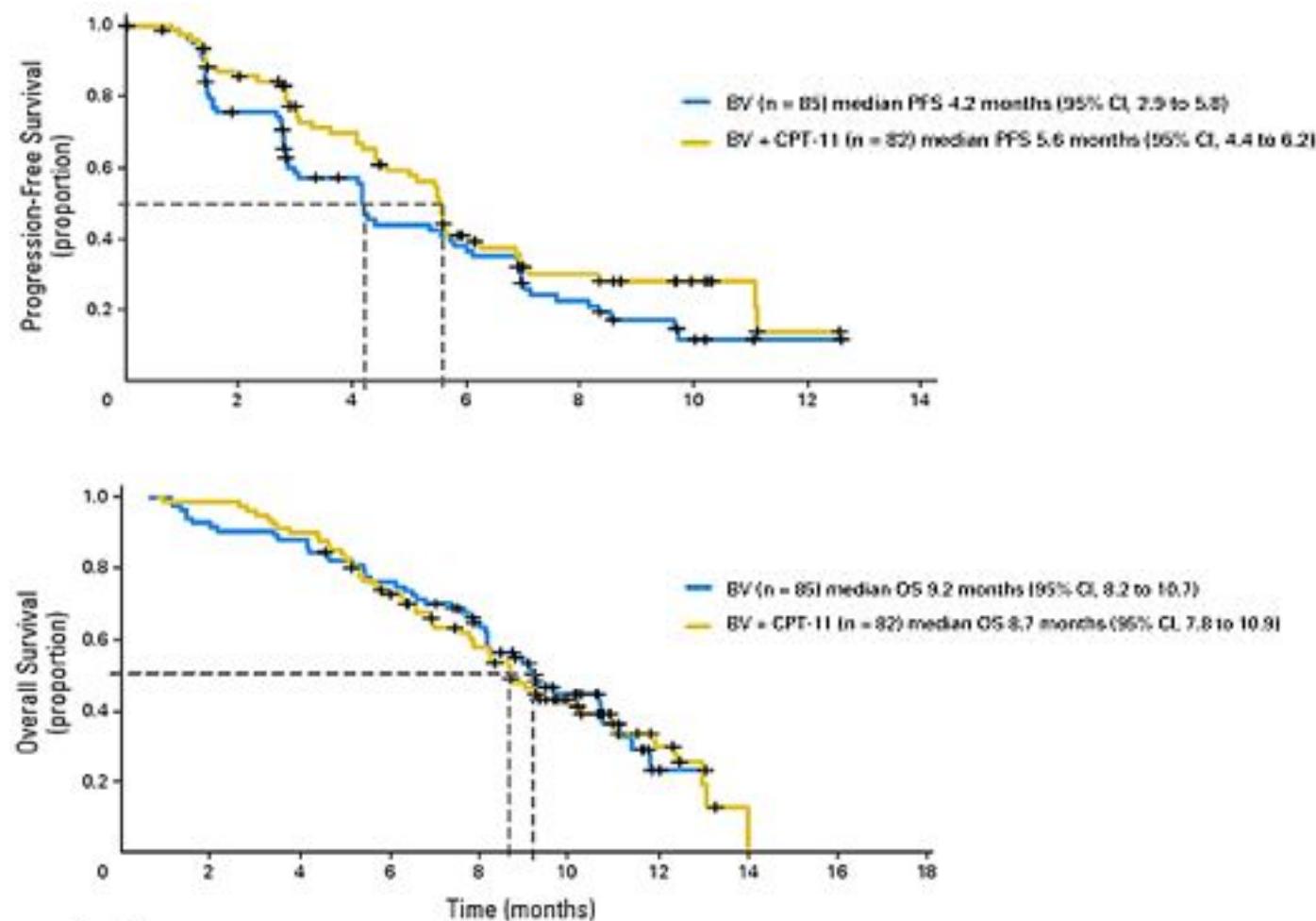
➤ *Alternative treatments*



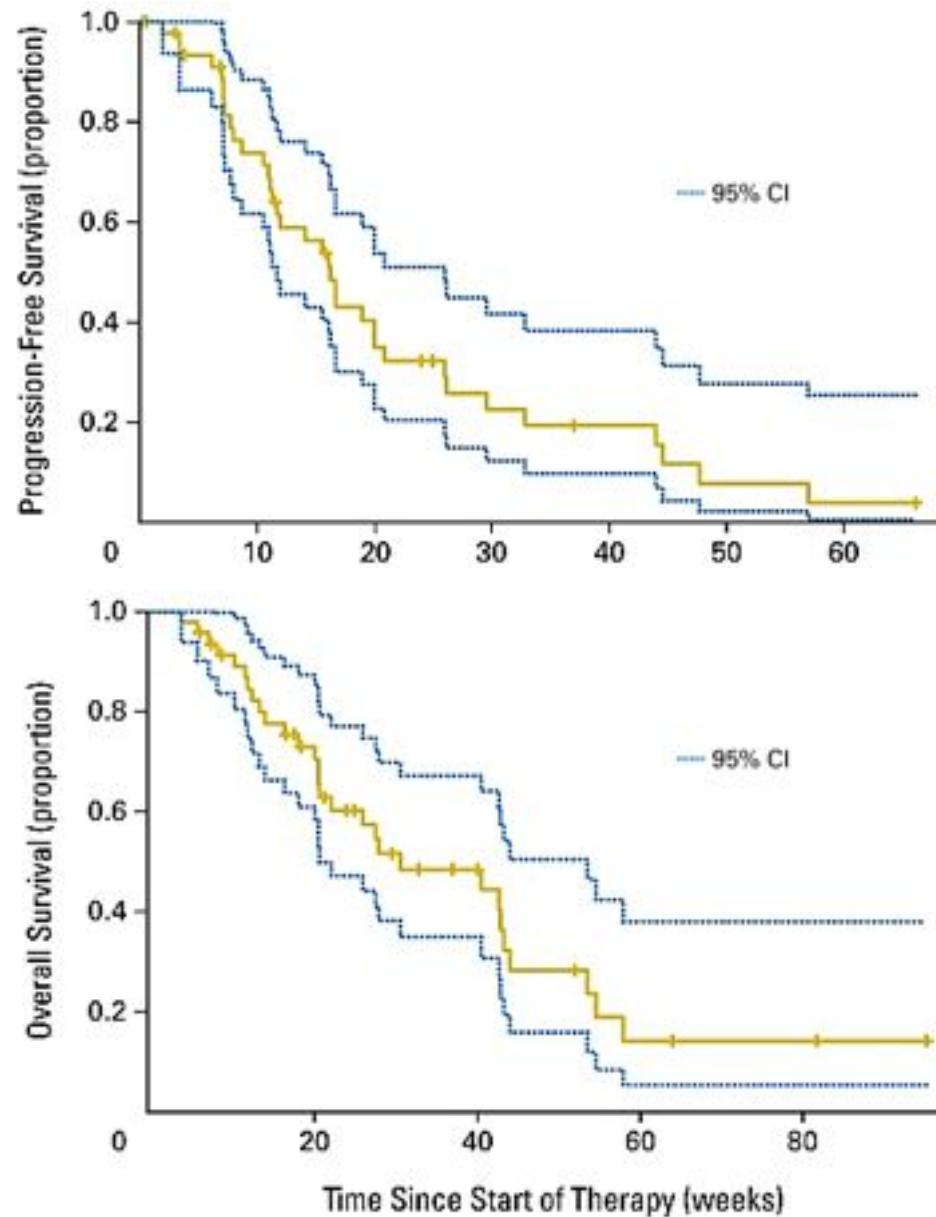
✓ *Recent published series on chemotherapy for recurrent gliomas*

Authors	Pts	Type	CHT	PFS%	OS
Friedman et al., 2009	85	GBM	Beva	42.6 (6m)	9.2
	82		Beva + Irinotecan	50.3 (6m)	8.7
Kreisl et al., 2009	48	GBM	Beva	29 (6m)	7.9
Verhoeff et al., 2010	23	GBM	Beva + daily TMZ	17.4 (6m)	4.5
Reithmeier et al., 2010	35	GBM	BCNU	11 (wks)	22
Raizer et al., 2010	61	AA/GBM	Beva (3w)	25 (6m)	6.2
Desjardins et al., 2012	32	GBM	Beva + daily TMZ	18 (6m)	9
Kreisl et al., 2011	32	AA	Beva	20.9 (6m)	12
Omuro et al., 2013	15	GBM	Daily TMZ	19 (6m)	7 (13 vs 4.3*)
Taal et al., 2014	154	GBM	Lom / bev vs both		43/38/59 (9m)
Soffietti et al., 2014	44	GBM	Fot + Bev	42.6 (6m)	9.1

✓ Bevacizumab Alone and in Combination With Irinotecan in Recurrent Glioblastoma

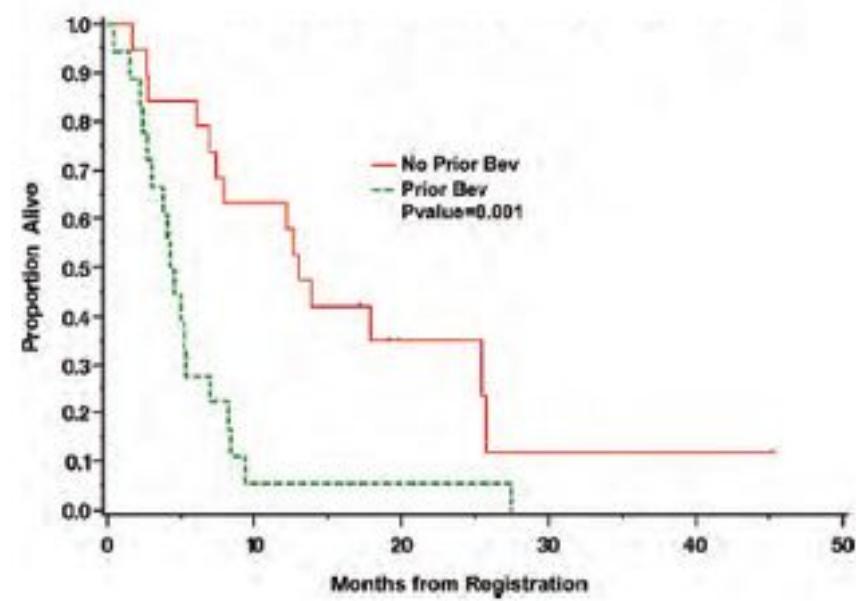
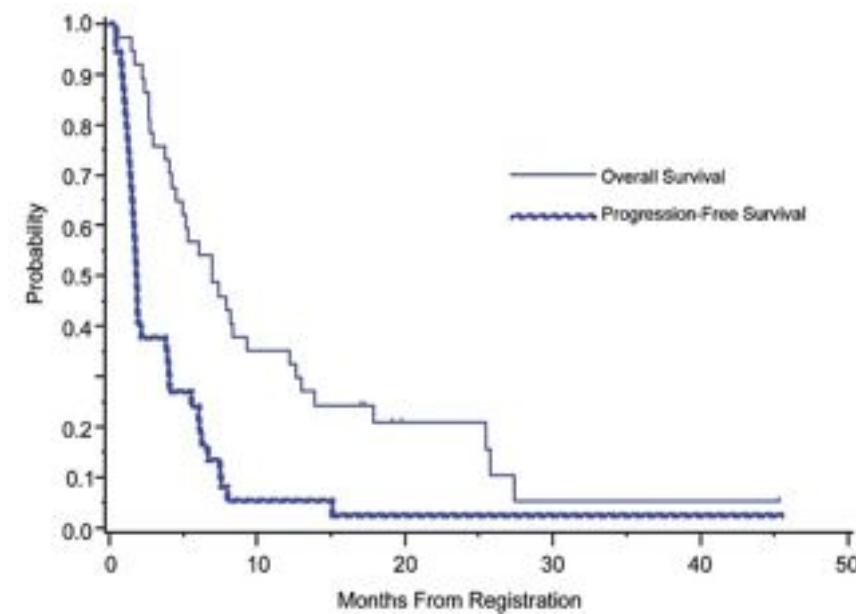


✓ Bevacizumab Alone in Recurrent Glioblastoma



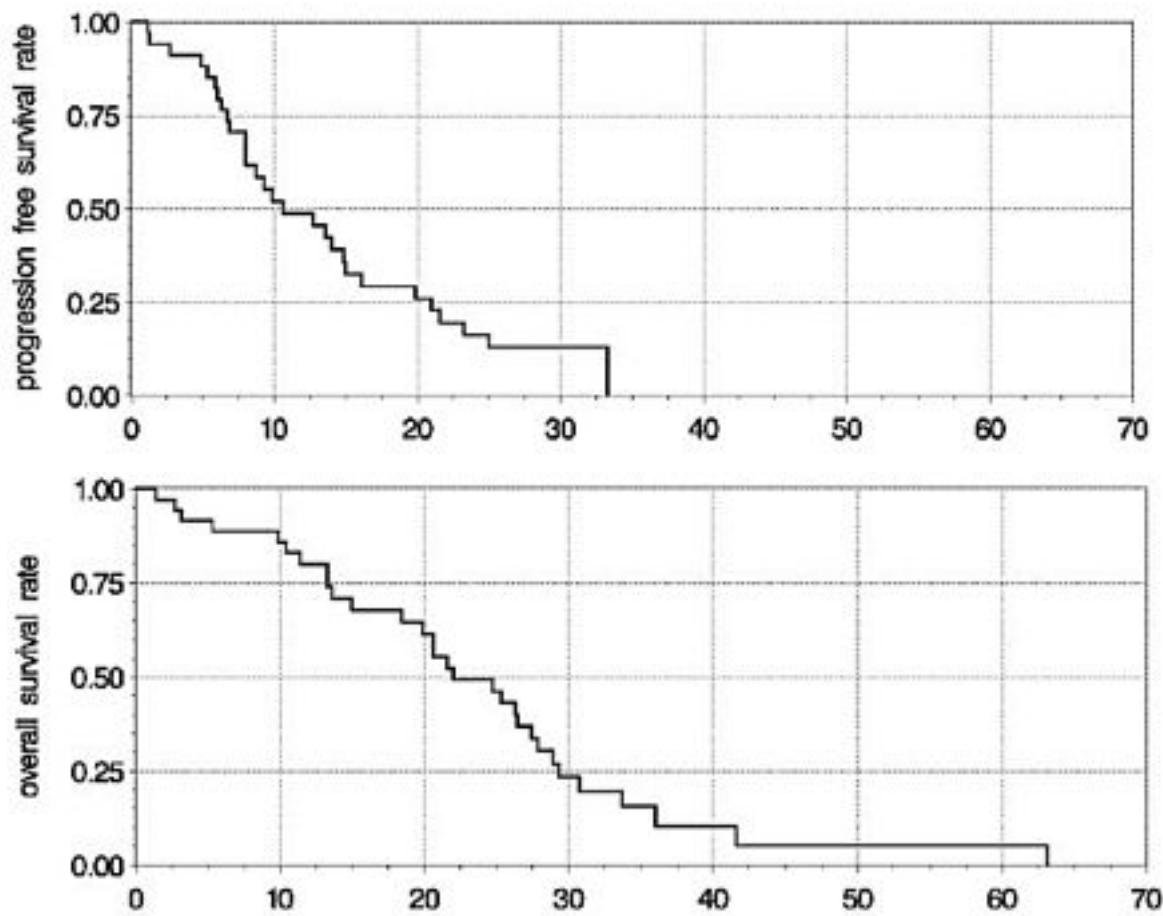
Kreisl et al, 2009

✓ Continuous low-dose temozolomide for patients with recurrent malignant glioma



Omuro et al, 2013

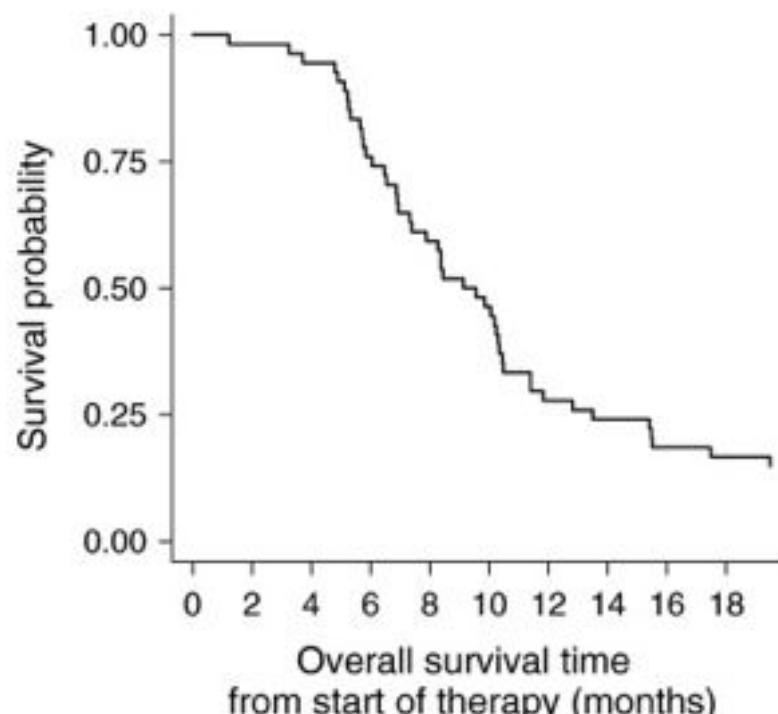
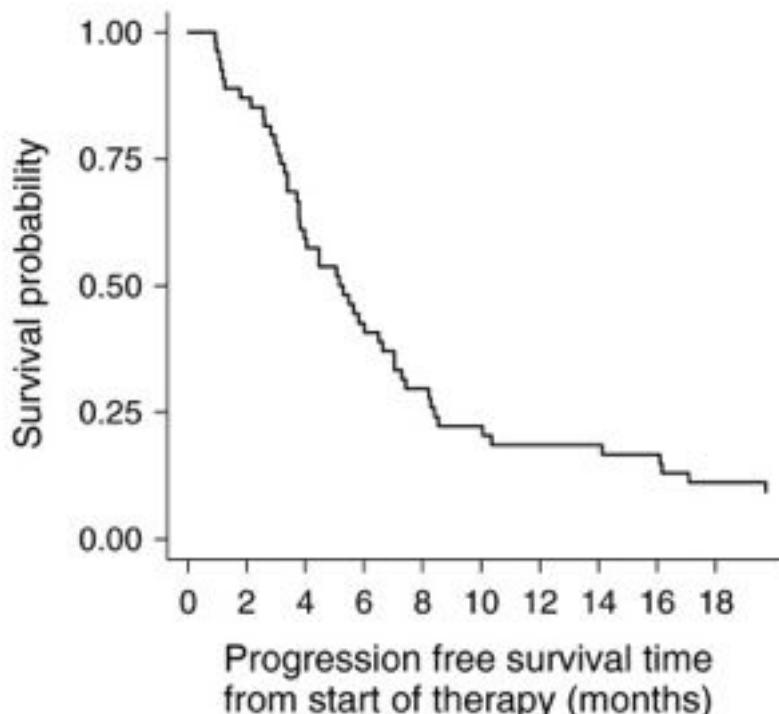
✓ BCNU for recurrent glioblastoma multiforme



Reithmeier et a, 2010

Bevacizumab and fotemustine for recurrent glioblastoma: a phase II study of AINO (Italian Association of Neuro-Oncology)

Riccardo Soffietti · Elisa Trevisan · Luca Bertero ·
Paola Cassoni · Isabella Morra · Maria Grazia Fabrini ·
Francesco Pasqualetti · Ivan Lolli · Anna Castiglione ·
Giovannino Ciccone · Roberta Rudà



✓ *Efficacy of reirradiation for progressive gliomas*

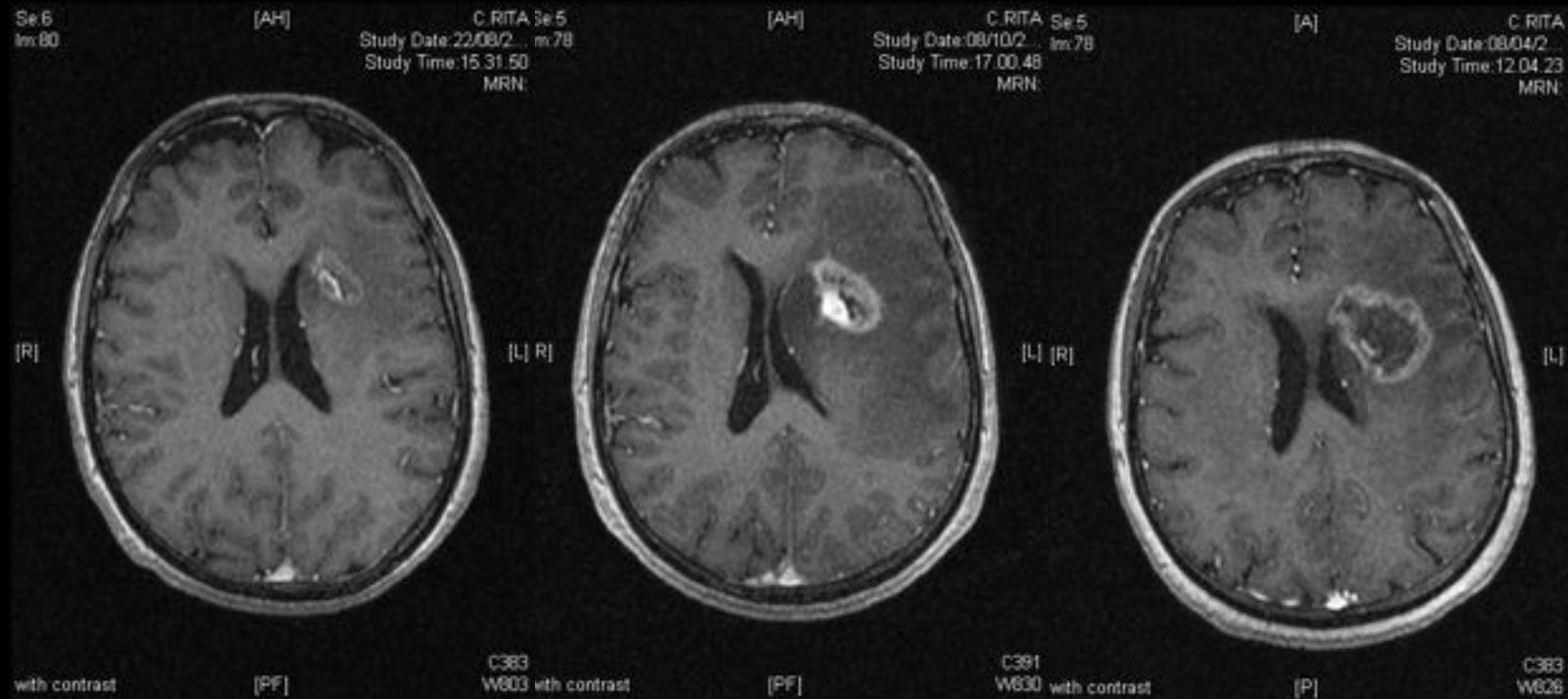
➤ *PFS and OS*

➤ *Toxicity*

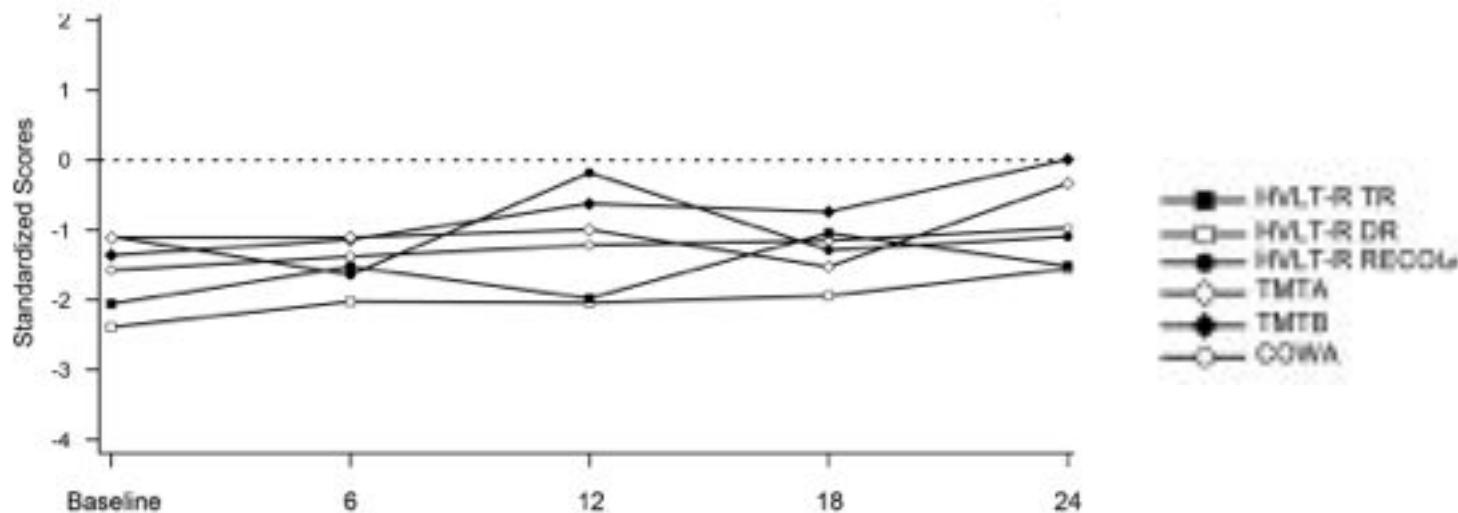
➤ *Alternative treatments*



✓ Radionecrosis after SRS in a GBM patient



✓ Neurocognitive Outcomes in the BRAIN Study



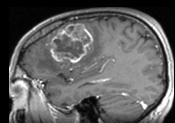
	Stable or improved on all tests	Declined on at least one test
Patients with an IRF-determined OR (at time of response) ^a	18/24 (75.0%)	6/24 (25.0%)
Patients with IRF-determined PFS >6 months (at Week 24 assessment) ^b	19/27 (70.4%)	8/27 (29.6%)
Patients with investigator-determined disease progression (at time of progression) ^c	15/49 (30.6%)	34/49 (69.4%)

Wefel et al, 2011

- ✓ May we improve the clinical outcome with combined chemoradiotherapeutic regimens?

man 47 years old, GBM

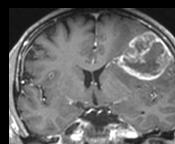
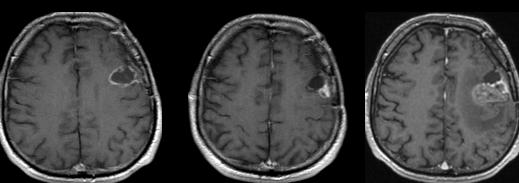
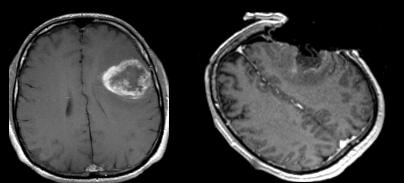
Diagnosis
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IMRT + TMZ
4/2010

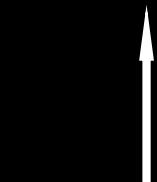


Recurrent GBM
3/2011

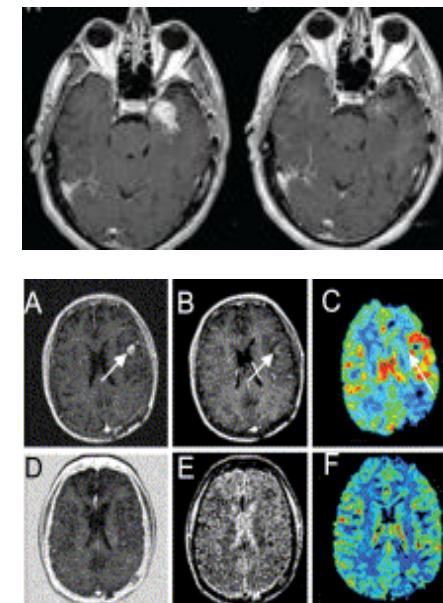
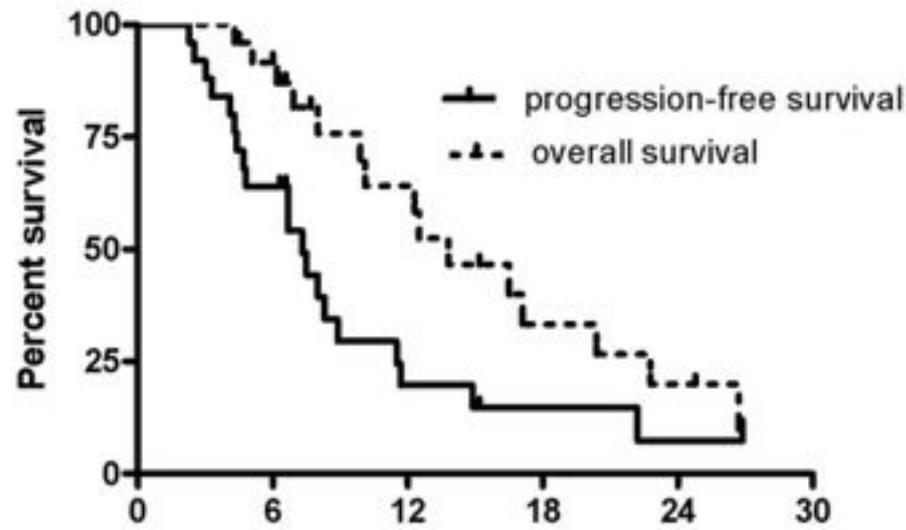


Surgery
3/2010

Adjuvant TMZ
6 cycles



✓ *Bevacizumab with Hypofractionated Stereotactic Irradiation for Recurrent Malignant Gliomas*



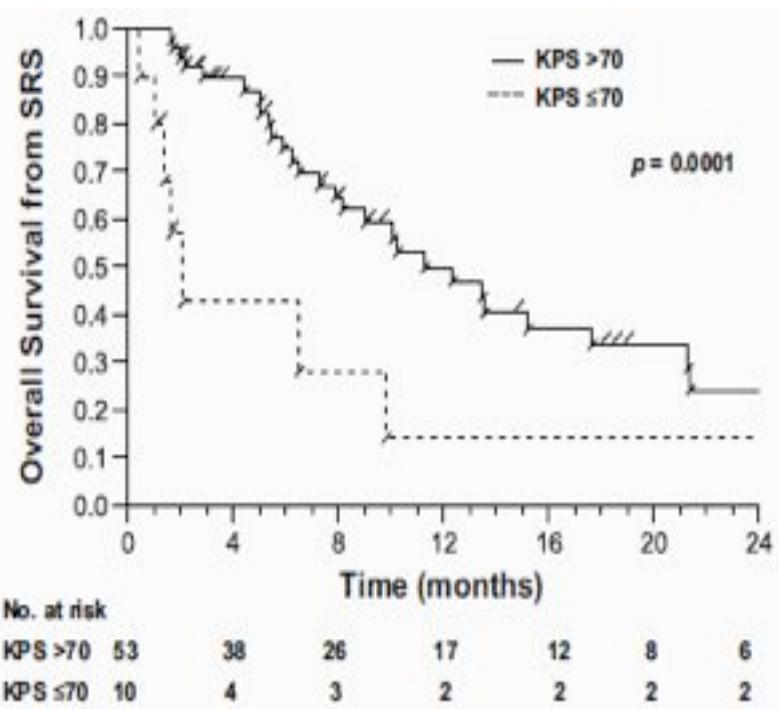
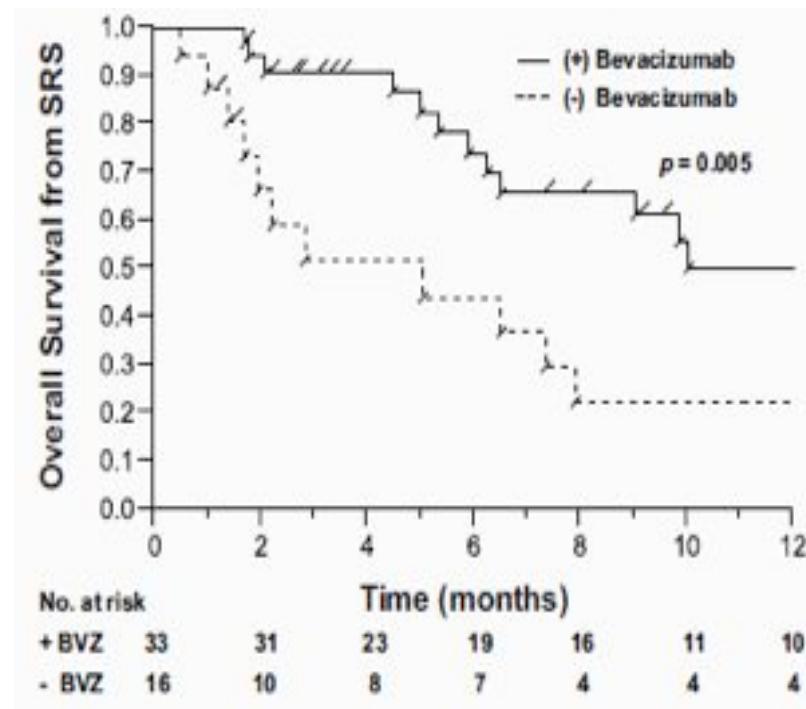


Clinical Investigation

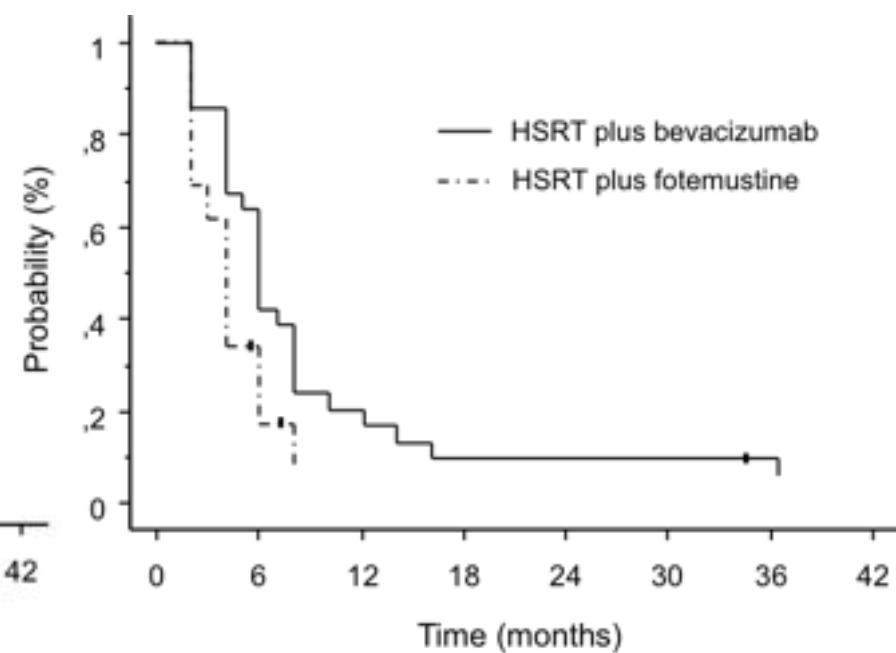
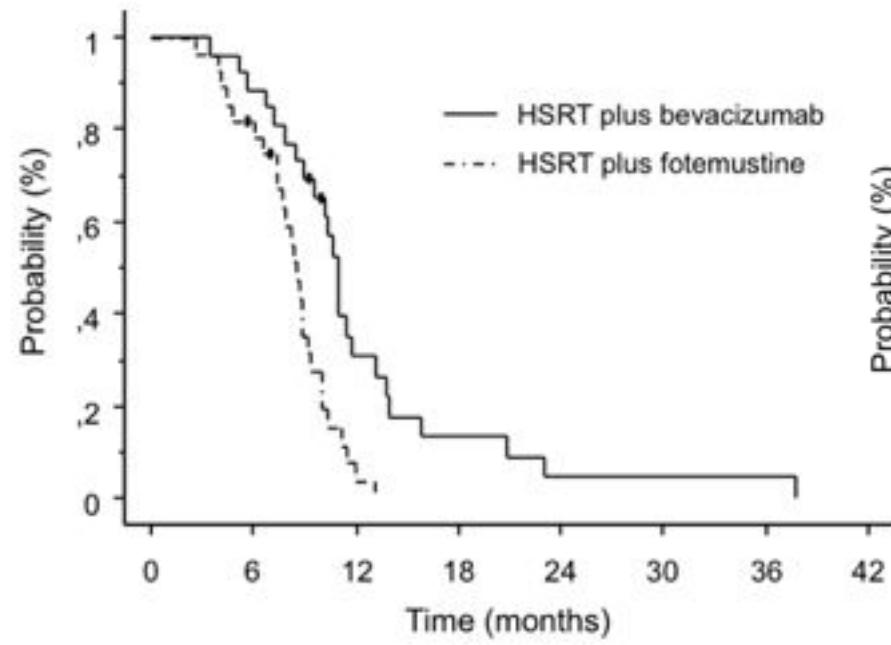
Safety and Efficacy of Stereotactic Radiosurgery and Adjuvant Bevacizumab in Patients With Recurrent Malignant Gliomas

Presented at the 51st Annual Meeting of the American Society for Radiation Oncology, Chicago, IL, November 1–5, 2009.

Kyle C. Cuneo, M.D.¹, James J. Vredenburgh, M.D.^{1,2}, John H. Sampson, M.D., Ph.D.^{1,2}, David A. Reardon, M.D.^{1,2}, Annick Desjardins, M.D.^{1,2}, Katherine B. Peters, M.D., Ph.D.^{1,2}, Henry S. Friedman, M.D.^{1,2}, Christopher G. Willett, M.D.¹, John P. Kirkpatrick, M.D., Ph.D.^{1,2},

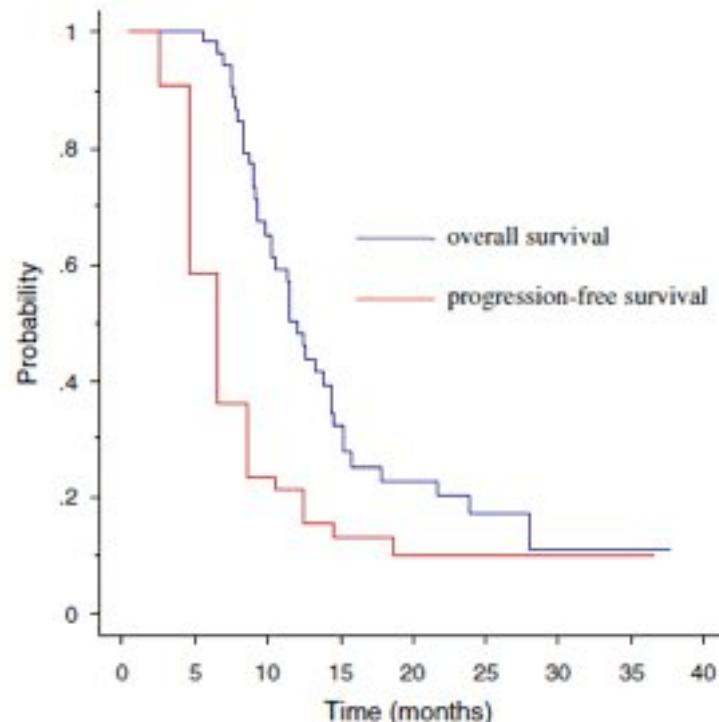


- ✓ Hypofractionated stereotactic radiotherapy in combination with bevacizumab or fotemustine for patients with progressive malignant gliomas



Hypofractionated stereotactic radiotherapy and continuous low-dose temozolomide in patients with recurrent or progressive malignant gliomas

Giuseppe Minniti · Claudia Scaringi · Vitaliana De Sanctis · Gaetano Lanzetta ·
Teresa Falco · Domenica Di Stefano · Vincenzo Esposito · Riccardo Maurizi Enrici



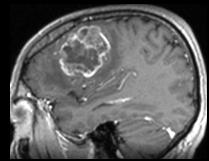
Factor	Hazard ratio (95 % CI)	P value
Risk of death		
KPS >70	0.42 (0.22–0.78)	0.01
Grade 3	0.18 (0.07–0.45)	0.0002
MGMT methylation status	0.61 (0.35–1.09)	0.08
Interval from initial treatment	0.97 (0.93–1.02)	0.4
Risk of progression		
Grade 3	0.32 (0.15–0.68)	0.003
MGMT methylation status	0.64 (0.34–1.18)	0.15

✓ *Summary*

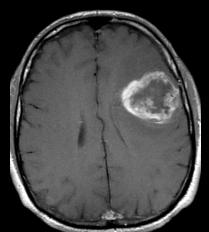


- *Although reirradiation is a feasible option for patients with high grade gliomas, results are similar those observed with chemotherapy alone; better results are obtained with chemoradiation (bevacizumab, temozolomide?)*
- *Toxicity and neurocognitive decline remain of concern.*

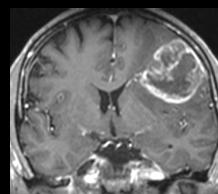
Diagnosis
2/2010



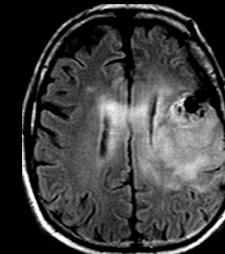
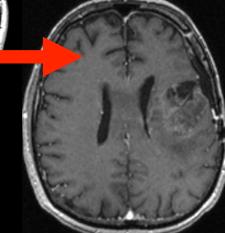
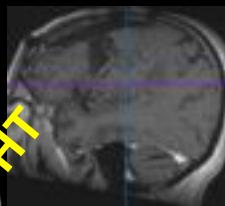
IMRT + TMZ
4/2010



Recurrent GBM
3/2011



SRT + Beva
6/2011



Surgery
3/2010

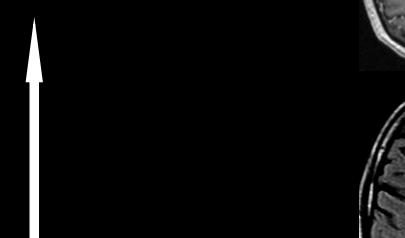
man 47 years old, GBM

Adjuvant TMZ
6 cycles

2° Surgery
4/2011

12/2011
(†1/2012)

SURGERY
SRS/SRT
CHT





...Grazie per l'attenzione

Padova 10-11-2014